

! For an efficient use of these tables, first read [HowTo.pdf](#).

T2.52A. Integrands involving trigonometric functions and square roots of algebraic functions on the interval $(0, 1)$.

$$1. \int_0^1 \sin(ax) \sqrt{1-x^2} \, dx = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k a^{2k+1}}{(2k-1)!!(2k+3)!!} = \frac{\pi}{2a} \mathbf{H}_1(a), \quad a > 0.$$

$$2. \int_0^1 \cos(ax) \sqrt{1-x^2} \, dx = \frac{\pi}{2a} J_1(a).$$

$$3. \int_0^1 \frac{\sin(ax) \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k a^{2k+1}}{[(2k+1)!!]^2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \mathbf{H}_0(a), \quad a > 0.$$

$$4. \int_0^1 \frac{\cos(ax) \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \frac{\pi}{2} J_0(a).$$

$$5. \int_0^1 \frac{x \sin(ax)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \, dx = \frac{\pi}{2} J_1(a), \quad a > 0.$$

$$6. \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2x \cos t + x^2}} \, dx = \ln \left[1 + \csc \frac{t}{2} \right].$$
