

! For an efficient use of these tables, first read [HowTo.pdf](#).

T3.49A. Integrands involving logarithm functions of complicated arguments, like $(1 + a^2/x^2)$, $(1 \pm e^{-x})$, $(1 + 2e^{-x} \cos t + e^{-2x})$ and others, on the interval $(0, \infty)$.

$$1. \int_0^\infty \ln \frac{a^2 + x^2}{b^2 + x^2} dx = (a - b)\pi, \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$2. \int_0^\infty \ln x \ln \frac{a^2 + x^2}{b^2 + x^2} dx = \pi(b - a) + \pi \ln \frac{a^a}{b^b}, \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$3. \int_0^\infty \ln x \ln \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{x^2}\right) dx = \pi b(\ln b - 1), \quad b > 0.$$

$$4. \int_0^\infty \ln(1 + a^2 x^2) \ln \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{x^2}\right) dx = 2\pi \left[\frac{1 + ab}{a} \ln(1 + ab) - b \right], \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$5. \int_0^\infty \ln(a^2 + x^2) \ln \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{x^2}\right) dx = 2\pi[(a + b) \ln(a + b) - a \ln a - b], \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$6. \int_0^\infty \ln \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{x^2}\right) \ln \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{x^2}\right) dx = 2\pi[(a + b) \ln(a + b) - a \ln a - b \ln b], \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$7. \int_0^\infty \ln \left(a^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \ln \left(1 + \frac{b^2}{x^2}\right) dx = 2\pi \left[\frac{1 + ab}{a} \ln(1 + ab) - b \ln b \right], \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$8. \int_0^\infty \ln(1 + e^{-x}) dx = \frac{\pi^2}{12}.$$

$$9. \int_0^\infty \ln(1 - e^{-x}) dx = -\frac{\pi^2}{6}.$$

$$10. \int_0^\infty \ln(1 + 2e^{-x} \cos t + e^{-2x}) dx = \frac{\pi^2}{6} - \frac{t^2}{2}, \quad |t| < \pi.$$
