

! For an efficient use of these tables, first read [HowTo.pdf](#).

**T3.61A.** Integrands involving arctan, arccot and rational functions on the interval  $(0, \infty)$ .

$$1. \int_0^\infty \operatorname{arccot}(px) \operatorname{arccot}(qx) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \left\{ \frac{1}{p} \ln \left( 1 + \frac{p}{q} \right) + \frac{1}{q} \ln \left( 1 + \frac{q}{p} \right) \right\}, \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$2. \int_0^\infty \frac{\operatorname{arccot} x}{1 \pm x} dx = \pm \frac{\pi}{4} \ln 2 + \mathbf{G}.$$

$$3. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan x}{1 - x^2} dx = -\mathbf{G}.$$

$$4. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \arctan x}{1 + x^4} dx = \frac{\pi^2}{16}.$$

$$5. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \arctan x}{1 - x^4} dx = -\frac{\pi}{8} \ln 2.$$

$$6. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \operatorname{arccot} x}{1 - x^4} dx = \frac{\pi}{8} \ln 2.$$

$$7. \int_0^\infty \frac{\operatorname{arccot} x}{x\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \int_0^\infty \frac{\operatorname{arccot} x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = 2\mathbf{G}.$$

$$8. \int_0^\infty x^p \arctan x dx = \frac{\pi}{2(p+1)} \csc \frac{p\pi}{2}, \quad -1 > p > -2.$$

$$9. \int_0^\infty x^p \operatorname{arccot} x dx = -\frac{\pi}{2(p+1)} \csc \frac{p\pi}{2}, \quad -1 < p < 0.$$

$$10. \int_0^\infty \left( \frac{x^p}{1+x^{2p}} \right)^{2q} \arctan x \frac{dx}{x} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi^3}}{2^{2q+2} p} \frac{\Gamma(q)}{\Gamma\left(q + \frac{1}{2}\right)}, \quad q > 0.$$

$$11. \int_0^\infty (1 - x \operatorname{arccot} x) dx = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

$$12. \int_0^\infty (\arctan x)^2 \frac{dx}{x^2 \sqrt{1+x^2}} = \int_0^\infty (\operatorname{arccot} x)^2 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} = -\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 4\mathbf{G}.$$

$$13. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan qx}{(p+x)^2} dx = -\frac{q}{1+p^2q^2} \left( \ln pq - \frac{\pi}{2} pq \right), \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$14. \int_0^\infty \frac{\operatorname{arccot} qx}{(p+x)^2} dx = \frac{q}{1+p^2q^2} \left( \ln pq + \frac{\pi}{2} pq \right), \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$15. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \operatorname{arccot} px}{q^2 + x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \frac{1+pq}{pq}, \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$16. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \operatorname{arccot} px dx}{x^2 - q^2} = \frac{\pi}{4} \ln \frac{1+p^2q^2}{p^2q^2}, \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$17. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan px}{x(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln(1+p), \quad p \geq 0.$$

$$18. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan px}{x(1-x^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(1+p^2), \quad p \geq 0.$$

$$19. \int_0^\infty \arctan qx \frac{dx}{x(p^2+x^2)} = \frac{\pi}{2p^2} \ln(1+pq), \quad p > 0, q \geq 0.$$

$$20. \int_0^\infty \arctan qx \frac{dx}{x(1-p^2x^2)} = \frac{\pi}{4} \ln \frac{p^2+q^2}{p^2}, \quad p \geq 0.$$

$$21. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \arctan qx}{(p^2+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\pi q}{4p(1+pq)}, \quad p > 0, q \geq 0.$$

$$22. \int_0^\infty \frac{x \operatorname{arccot} qx}{(p^2+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{4p^2(1+pq)}, \quad p > 0, q \geq 0.$$

$$23. \int_0^\infty \arctan qx \arcsin x \frac{dx}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2} q \pi \ln \frac{1+\sqrt{1+q^2}}{\sqrt{1+q^2}} + \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \left( q + \sqrt{1+q^2} \right) - \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan q.$$

$$24. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan px - \arctan qx}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \frac{p}{q}, \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$25. \int_0^\infty \frac{\arctan px \arctan qx}{x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln \frac{(p+q)^{p+q}}{p^p q^q}, \quad p > 0, q > 0.$$

$$26. \int_0^\infty \arctan x^2 \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \int_0^\infty \arctan x^3 \frac{dx}{1+x^2} \\ = \int_0^\infty \operatorname{arccot} x^3 \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}.$$

$$27. \int_0^\infty \frac{1-x^2}{x^2} \arctan x^2 dx = \frac{\pi}{2}(\sqrt{2}-1).$$

$$28. \int_0^\infty x^{s-1} \arctan(ae^{-x}) dx = 2^{-s-1} \Gamma(s) \Phi(-a^2, s+1, \tfrac{1}{2}).$$

$$29. \int_0^\infty \arctan \left( \frac{p \sin qx}{1+p \cos qx} \right) \frac{x dx}{1+x^2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \ln(1+pe^{-q}), \quad p > -e^q.$$


---