

**T1.28.** Integrand involving products of trigonometric functions and powers of  $(a + bx)$ .

Notation used:  $X = a + bx$  (in Formulas 26-37 and 58-69).

$$1. \int x \sin ax \, dx = \frac{1}{a^2} \sin ax - \frac{x}{a} \cos ax.$$

$$2. \int x^2 \sin ax \, dx = \frac{2x}{a^2} \sin ax + \frac{2 - a^2 x^2}{a^3} \cos ax$$

$$3. \int x^3 \sin ax \, dx = \frac{3a^2 x^2 - 6}{a^4} \sin ax + \frac{6x - a^2 x^3}{a^3} \cos ax$$

$$4. \int x^n \sin ax \, dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{a} x^n + \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} \cos ax \, dx, \\ \text{or} \\ \cos ax \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^k n!}{(n-2k)!} \frac{x^{n-2k}}{a^{2k+1}} + \sin ax \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^k n!}{(n-2k-1)!} \frac{x^{n-2k-1}}{a^{2k+2}}, \\ \text{or} \\ -\sum_{k=0}^n k! \binom{n}{k} \frac{x^{n-k}}{a^{k+1}} \cos \left( ax + \frac{1}{2} k\pi \right). \end{cases}$$

$$5. \int x^{2n} \sin x \, dx = (2n)! \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{k+1} \frac{x^{2n-2k}}{(2n-2k)!} \cos x + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2n-2k-1}}{(2n-2k-1)!} \sin x \right\}.$$

$$6. \int x^{2n+1} \sin x \, dx = (2n+1)! \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^{k+1} \frac{x^{2n-2k+1}}{(2n-2k+1)!} \cos x + \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2n-2k}}{(2n-2k)!} \sin x \right\}.$$

$$7. \int x \cos ax \, dx = \frac{1}{a^2} \cos ax + \frac{x}{a} \sin ax.$$

$$8. \int x^2 \cos ax \, dx = \frac{2x}{a^2} \cos ax + \frac{a^2 x^2 - 2}{a^3} \sin ax$$

$$9. \int x^3 \cos ax \, dx = \frac{3a^2 x^2 - 6}{a^4} \cos ax + \frac{a^2 x^3 - 6x}{a^3} \sin ax$$

$$10. \int x^n \cos ax \, dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^n}{a} \sin ax - \frac{n}{a} \int x^{n-1} \sin ax \, dx, \\ \text{or} \\ \sin ax \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor n/2 \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^k n!}{(n-2k)!} \frac{x^{n-2k}}{a^{2k+1}} + \cos ax \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor (n-1)/2 \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^k n!}{(n-2k-1)!} \frac{x^{n-2k-1}}{a^{2k+2}}, \\ \text{or} \\ \sum_{k=0}^n k! \binom{n}{k} \frac{x^{n-k}}{a^{k+1}} \sin \left( ax + \frac{1}{2} k\pi \right). \end{cases}$$

$$11. \int x^{2n} \cos x \, dx = (2n)! \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2n-2k}}{(2n-2k)!} \sin x + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (-1)^k \frac{x^{2n-2k-1}}{(2n-2k-1)!} \cos x \right\}.$$

$$12. \int x^{2n+1} \cos x \, dx = (2n+1)! \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \frac{x^{2n-2k+1}}{(2n-2k+1)!} \sin x + \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{x^{2n-2k}}{(2n-2k)!} \cos x \right\}.$$

$$13. \int x^m \sin^n x \, dx = \frac{x^{m-1} \sin^{n-1} x}{n^2} \{m \sin x - nx \cos x\} \\ + \frac{n-1}{n} \int x^m \sin^{n-2} x \, dx - \frac{m(m-1)}{n^2} \int x^{m-2} \sin^n x \, dx.$$

$$14. \int x^m \cos^n x \, dx = \frac{x^{m-1} \cos^{n-1} x}{n^2} \{m \cos x + nx \sin x\} \\ + \frac{n-1}{n} \int x^m \cos^{n-2} x \, dx - \frac{m(m-1)}{n^2} \int x^{m-2} \cos^n x \, dx.$$

$$15. \int x^n \sin^{2m} x \, dx = \binom{2m}{m} \frac{x^{n+1}}{2^{2m}(n+1)} + \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} (-1)^k \binom{2m}{k} \int x^n \cos(2m-2k)x \, dx.$$

$$16. \int x^n \sin^{2m+1} x \, dx = \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{2m+1}{k} \int x^n \sin(2m-2k+1)x \, dx.$$

$$17. \int x^n \cos^{2m} x \, dx = \binom{2m}{m} \frac{x^{n+1}}{2^{2m}(n+1)} + \frac{1}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \binom{2m}{k} \int x^n \cos(2m-2k)x \, dx.$$

$$18. \int x^n \cos^{2m+1} x \, dx = \frac{1}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{2m+1}{k} \int x^n \cos(2m-2k+1)x \, dx.$$

$$19. \int x^{\nu-1} \sin \beta x \, dx = \frac{i}{2} (i\beta)^{-\nu} \gamma(\nu, i\beta x) - \frac{i}{2} (-i\beta)^{-\nu} \gamma(\nu, -i\beta x), \quad \Re \nu > -1, \, x > 0.$$

$$20. \int x^{\nu-1} \sin ax \, dx = -\frac{1}{2a^\nu} \left\{ \exp \left[ \frac{\pi i}{2} (\nu-1) \right] \Gamma(\nu, -iax) + \exp \left[ \frac{\pi i}{2} (1-\nu) \right] \Gamma(\nu, iax) \right\},$$

$$\Re \nu < 1, \, a > 0, \, x > 0.$$

$$21. \int x^{\nu-1} \cos \beta x \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \{ (i\beta)^{-\nu} \gamma(\nu, i\beta x) + (-i\beta)^{-\nu} \gamma(\nu, -i\beta x) \}, \quad \Re \nu > 0, \, x > 0.$$

$$22. \int x^{\nu-1} \cos ax \, dx = -\frac{1}{2a^\nu} \left\{ \exp \left( i\nu \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \Gamma(\nu, -iax) + \exp \left( -i\nu \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \Gamma(\nu, iax) \right\}.$$

$$23. \int x^r \sin^p x \cos^q x \, dx = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(p+q)^2} \left[ (p+q)x^r \sin^{p+1} x \cos^{q-1} x \right. \\ \quad \left. + rx^{r-1} \sin^p x \cos^q x - r(r-1) \int x^{r-2} \sin^p x \cos^q x \, dx \right. \\ \quad \left. - rp \int x^{r-1} \sin^{p-1} x \cos^{q-1} x \, dx + (q-1)(p+q) \int x^r \sin^p x \cos^{q-2} x \, dx \right], \\ \text{or} \\ \frac{1}{(p+q)^2} \left[ -(p+q)x^r \sin^{p-1} x \cos^{q+1} x + rx^{r-1} \sin^p x \cos^q x \right. \\ \quad \left. - r(r-1) \int x^{r-2} \sin^p x \cos^q x \, dx + rq \int x^{r-1} \sin^{p-1} x \cos^{q-1} x \, dx \right. \\ \quad \left. + (p-1)(p+q) \int x^r \sin^{p-2} x \cos^q x \, dx \right]. \end{cases}$$

$$24. \int P_n(x) \sin mx \, dx = -\frac{\cos mx}{m} \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} (-1)^k \frac{P_n^{(2k)}(x)}{m^{2k}} + \frac{\sin mx}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{[(n+1)/2]} (-1)^{k-1} \frac{P_n^{(2k-1)}(x)}{m^{2k-1}},$$

$$25. \int P_n(x) \cos mx \, dx = \frac{\sin mx}{m} \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} (-1)^k \frac{P_n^{(2k)}(x)}{m^{2k}} + \frac{\cos mx}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{[(n+1)/2]} (-1)^{k-1} \frac{P_n^{(2k-1)}(x)}{m^{2k-1}},$$

where in these two formulas  $P_n(x) \in \mathcal{P}_n$  and  $P_n^{(k)}(x)$  is its  $k$  th derivative with respect to  $x$ .

$$26. \int X \sin kx \, dx = -\frac{1}{k} X \cos kx + \frac{b}{k^2} \sin kx.$$

$$27. \int X \cos kx \, dx = \frac{1}{k} X \sin kx + \frac{b}{k^2} \cos kx.$$

$$28. \int X^2 \sin kx \, dx = \frac{1}{k} \left( \frac{2b^2}{k^2} - X^2 \right) \cos kx + \frac{2bX}{k^2} \sin kx.$$

$$29. \int X^2 \cos kx \, dx = \frac{1}{k} \left( X^2 - \frac{2b^2}{k^2} \right) \sin kx + \frac{2bX}{k^2} \cos kx.$$

$$30. \int X^3 \sin kx \, dx = \frac{X}{k} \left( \frac{6b^2}{k^2} - X^2 \right) \cos kx + \frac{3b}{k^2} \left( X^2 - \frac{2b^2}{k^2} \right) \sin kx.$$

$$31. \int X^3 \cos kx \, dx = \frac{X}{k} \left( X^2 - \frac{6b^2}{k^2} \right) \sin kx + \frac{3b}{k^2} \left( X^2 - \frac{2b^2}{k^2} \right) \cos kx.$$

$$32. \int X^4 \sin kx \, dx = -\frac{1}{k} \left( X^4 - \frac{12b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{24b^4}{k^4} \right) \cos kx + \frac{4bX}{k^2} \left( X^2 - \frac{6b^2}{k^2} \right) \sin kx.$$

$$33. \int X^4 \cos kx \, dx = \frac{1}{k} \left( X^4 - \frac{12b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{24b^4}{k^4} \right) \sin kx + \frac{4bX}{k^2} \left( X^2 - \frac{6b^2}{k^2} \right) \cos kx.$$

$$34. \int X^5 \sin kx \, dx = \frac{5b}{k^2} \left( X^4 - \frac{12b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{24b^4}{k^4} \right) \sin kx - \frac{X}{k} \left( X^4 - \frac{20b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{120b^4}{k^4} \right) \cos kx.$$

$$35. \int X^5 \cos kx \, dx = \frac{5b}{k^2} \left( X^4 - \frac{12b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{24b^4}{k^4} \right) \cos kx + \frac{X}{k} \left( X^4 - \frac{20b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{120b^4}{k^4} \right) \sin kx.$$

$$36. \int X^6 \sin kx \, dx = \frac{6bX}{k^2} \left( X^4 - \frac{20b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{120b^4}{k^4} \right) \sin kx \\ - \frac{1}{k} \left( X^6 - \frac{30b^2}{k^2} X^4 + \frac{360b^4}{k^4} X^2 - \frac{720b^6}{k^6} \right) \cos kx.$$

$$37. \int X^6 \cos kx \, dx = \frac{6bX}{k^2} \left( X^4 - \frac{20b^2}{k^2} X^2 + \frac{120b^4}{k^4} \right) \cos kx \\ + \frac{1}{k} \left( X^6 - \frac{30b^2}{k^2} X^4 + \frac{360b^4}{k^4} X^2 - \frac{720b^6}{k^6} \right) \sin kx.$$

$$38. \int x^n \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{n!}{4} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} x^{n-2k}}{2^{2k}(n-2k)!} \sin 2x + \sum_{k=0}^{[(n-1)/2]} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} x^{n-2k-1}}{2^{2k+1}(n-2k-1)!} \cos 2x \right\}.$$

$$39. \int x^n \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{2(n+1)} - \frac{n!}{4} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} x^{n-2k}}{2^{2k}(n-2k)!} \sin 2x + \sum_{k=0}^{[(n-1)/2]} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} x^{n-2k-1}}{2^{2k+1}(n-2k-1)!} \cos 2x \right\}.$$

$$40. \int x \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x}{4} \sin 2x - \frac{1}{8} \cos 2x.$$

$$41. \int x^2 \sin^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^3}{6} - \frac{x}{4} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{4} \left( x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) \sin 2x.$$

$$42. \int x \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{8} \cos 2x.$$

$$43. \int x^2 \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x}{4} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{4} \left( x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) \sin 2x.$$

$$44. \int x^n \sin^3 x \, dx = \frac{n!}{4} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \frac{(-1)^k x^{n-2k}}{(n-2k)!} \left( \frac{\cos 3x}{3^{2k+1}} - 3 \cos x \right) - \sum_{k=0}^{[(n-1)/2]} (-1)^k \frac{x^{n-2k-1}}{(n-2k-1)!} \left( \frac{\sin 3x}{3^{2k+2}} - 3 \sin x \right) \right\}.$$

$$45. \int x^n \cos^3 x \, dx = \frac{n!}{4} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{[n/2]} \frac{(-1)^k x^{n-2k}}{(n-2k)!} \left( \frac{\sin 3x}{3^{2k+1}} + 3 \sin x \right) + \sum_{k=0}^{[(n-1)/2]} (-1)^k \frac{x^{n-2k-1}}{(n-2k-1)!} \left( \frac{\cos 3x}{3^{2k+2}} + 3 \cos x \right) \right\}.$$

$$46. \int x \sin^3 x \, dx = \frac{3}{4} \sin x - \frac{1}{36} \sin 3x - \frac{3}{4} x \cos x + \frac{x}{12} \cos 3x.$$

$$47. \int x^2 \sin^3 x \, dx = -\left(\frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{3}{2}\right) \cos x + \left(\frac{x^2}{12} + \frac{1}{54}\right) \cos 3x + \frac{3}{2}x \sin x - \frac{x}{18} \sin 3x.$$

$$48. \int x \cos^3 x \, dx = \frac{3}{4} \cos x + \frac{1}{36} \cos 3x + \frac{3}{4}x \sin x + \frac{x}{12} \sin 3x.$$

$$49. \int x^2 \cos^3 x \, dx = \left(\frac{3}{4}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}\right) \sin x + \left(\frac{x^2}{12} - \frac{1}{54}\right) \sin 3x + \frac{3}{2}x \cos x + \frac{x}{18} \cos 3x.$$

$$50. \int \frac{\sin^q x}{x^p} \, dx = -\frac{\sin^{q-1} x [(p-2) \sin x + qx \cos x]}{(p-1)(p-2)x^{p-1}} \\ - \frac{q^2}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\sin^q x \, dx}{x^{p-2}} + \frac{q(q-1)}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\sin^{q-2} x \, dx}{x^{p-2}}, \quad p \neq 1, p \neq 2.$$

$$51. \int \frac{\cos^q x}{x^p} \, dx = -\frac{\cos^{q-1} x [(p-2) \cos x - qx \sin x]}{(p-1)(p-2)x^{p-1}} \\ - \frac{q^2}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\cos^q x \, dx}{x^{p-2}} + \frac{q(q-1)}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\cos^{q-2} x \, dx}{x^{p-2}}, \quad p \neq 1, p \neq 2.$$

$$52. \int \frac{\sin x \, dx}{x^p} = -\frac{\sin x}{(p-1)x^{p-1}} + \frac{1}{p-1} \int \frac{\cos x \, dx}{x^{p-1}} \\ = -\frac{\sin x}{(p-1)x^{p-1}} - \frac{\cos x}{(p-1)(p-2)x^{p-2}} - \frac{1}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\sin x \, dx}{x^{p-2}}, \quad p > 2.$$

$$53. \int \frac{\cos x \, dx}{x^p} = -\frac{\cos x}{(p-1)x^{p-1}} - \frac{1}{p-1} \int \frac{\sin x \, dx}{x^{p-1}} \\ = -\frac{\cos x}{(p-1)x^{p-1}} + \frac{\sin x}{(p-1)(p-2)x^{p-2}} - \frac{1}{(p-1)(p-2)} \int \frac{\cos x \, dx}{x^{p-2}}, \quad p > 2.$$

$$54. \int \frac{\sin x \, dx}{x^{2n}} = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{x(2n-1)!} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{n-2} \frac{(-1)^k (2k+1)!}{x^{2k+1}} \cos x \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1} (2k)!}{x^{2k}} \sin x \right\} + \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2n-1)!} \operatorname{ci}(x).$$

$$55. \int \frac{\sin x}{x^{2n+1}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{x(2n)!} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2k)!}{x^{2k}} \cos x \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2k+1)!}{x^{2k+1}} \sin x \right\} + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!} \text{si}(x).$$

$$56. \int \frac{\cos x}{x^{2n}} dx = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{x(2n-1)!} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2k)!}{x^{2k}} \cos x \right. \\ \left. - \sum_{k=0}^{n-2} \frac{(-1)^k(2k+1)!}{x^{2k+1}} \sin x \right\} + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n-1)!} \text{si}(x).$$

$$57. \int \frac{\cos x}{x^{2n+1}} = \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{x(2n)!} \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2k+1)!}{x^{2k+1}} \cos x \right. \\ \left. - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(-1)^{k+1}(2k)!}{x^{2k}} \sin x \right\} + \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!} \text{ci}(x).$$

$$58. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx = \frac{1}{b} \left[ \cos \frac{ka}{b} \text{si}(kX/b) - \sin \frac{ka}{b} \text{ci}(kX/b) \right].$$

$$59. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx = \frac{1}{b} \left[ \cos \frac{ka}{b} \text{ci}(kX/b) + \sin \frac{ka}{b} \text{si}(kX/b) \right].$$

$$60. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b} \frac{\sin kx}{X} + \frac{k}{b} \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx.$$

$$61. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b} \frac{\cos kx}{X} - \frac{k}{b} \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx.$$

$$62. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X^3} dx = -\frac{\sin kx}{2bX^2} - \frac{k \cos kx}{2b^2X} - \frac{k^2}{2b^2} \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx.$$

$$63. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X^3} dx = -\frac{\cos kx}{2bX^2} + \frac{k \sin kx}{2b^2X} - \frac{k^2}{2b^2} \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx.$$

$$64. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X^4} dx = -\frac{\sin kx}{3bX^3} - \frac{k \cos kx}{6b^2X^2} + \frac{k^2 \sin kx}{6b^2X} - \frac{k^3}{6b^3} \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx.$$

$$65. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X^4} dx = -\frac{\cos kx}{3bX^3} + \frac{k \sin kx}{6b^2X^2} + \frac{k^2 \cos kx}{6b^3X} + \frac{k^3}{6b^3} \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx.$$

$$66. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X^5} dx = -\frac{\sin kx}{4bX^4} - \frac{k \cos kx}{12b^2X^3} + \frac{k^2 \sin kx}{24b^3X^2} + \frac{k^3 \cos kx}{24b^4X} - \frac{k^4}{24b^4} \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx.$$

$$67. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X^5} dx = -\frac{\cos kx}{4bX^4} + \frac{k \sin kx}{12b^2X^3} + \frac{k^2 \cos kx}{24b^3X^2} - \frac{k^3 \sin kx}{24b^4X} + \frac{k^4}{24b^4} \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx.$$

$$68. \int \frac{\sin kx}{X^6} dx = -\frac{\sin kx}{5bX^5} - \frac{k \cos kx}{20b^2X^4} + \frac{k^2 \sin kx}{60b^3X^3} + \frac{k^3 \cos kx}{120b^4X^2} - \frac{k^4 \sin kx}{120b^5X} + \frac{k^5}{120b^5} \int \frac{\cos kx}{X} dx.$$

$$69. \int \frac{\cos kx}{X^6} dx = -\frac{\cos kx}{5bX^5} + \frac{k \sin kx}{20b^2X^4} + \frac{k^2 \cos kx}{60b^3X^3} - \frac{k^3 \sin kx}{120b^4X^2} - \frac{k^4 \cos kx}{120b^5X} - \frac{k^5}{120b^5} \int \frac{\sin kx}{X} dx.$$

$$70. \int \frac{\sin^{2m} x}{x} dx = \binom{2m}{m} \frac{\ln x}{2^{2m}} + \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} (-1)^k \binom{2m}{k} \text{ci}[(2m-2k)x].$$

$$71. \int \frac{\sin^{2m+1} x}{x} dx = \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{2m+1}{k} \text{si}[(2m-2k+1)x].$$

$$72. \int \frac{\cos^{2m} x}{x} dx = \binom{2m}{m} \frac{\ln x}{2^{2m}} + \frac{1}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \binom{2m}{k} \text{ci}[(2m-2k)x].$$

$$73. \int \frac{\cos^{2m+1} x}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{2m+1}{k} \text{ci}[(2m-2k+1)x].$$

$$74. \int \frac{\sin^{2m} x}{x^2} dx = -\binom{2m}{m} \frac{1}{2^{2m}x} + \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} (-1)^{k+1} \binom{2m}{k} \left\{ \frac{\cos(2m-2k)x}{x} + (2m-2k) \text{si}[(2m-2k)x] \right\}.$$

$$75. \int \frac{\sin^{2m+1} x}{x^2} dx = \frac{(-1)^m}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^{k+1} \binom{2m+1}{k} \times \left\{ \frac{\sin(2m-2k+1)x}{x} - (2m-2k+1) \text{ci}[(2m-2k+1)x] \right\}.$$



76.  $\int \frac{\cos^{2m} x}{x^2} dx = -\binom{2m}{m} \frac{1}{2^{2m} x} - \frac{1}{2^{2m-1}} \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \binom{2m}{k} \left\{ \frac{\cos(2m-2k)x}{x} + (2m-2k) \operatorname{si}[(2m-2k)x] \right\}.$
77.  $\int \frac{\cos^{2m+1} x}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{2^{2m}} \sum_{k=0}^m \binom{2m+1}{k} \left\{ \frac{\cos(2m-2k+1)x}{x} + (2m-2k+1) \operatorname{si}[(2m-2k+1)x] \right\}.$
78.  $\int \frac{x^p dx}{\sin^q x} = -\frac{x^{p-1}[p \sin x + (q-2)x \cos x]}{(q-1)(q-2) \sin^{q-1} x} + \frac{q-2}{q-1} \int \frac{x^p dx}{\sin^{q-2} x} + \frac{p(p-1)}{(q-1)(q-2)} \int \frac{x^{p-2} dx}{\sin^{q-2} x}.$
79.  $\int \frac{x^p dx}{\cos^q x} = -\frac{x^{p-1}[p \cos x - (q-2)x \sin x]}{(q-1)(q-2) \cos^{q-1} x} + \frac{q-2}{q-1} \int \frac{x^p dx}{\cos^{q-2} x} + \frac{p(p-1)}{(q-1)(q-2)} \int \frac{x^{p-2} dx}{\cos^{q-2} x}.$
80.  $\int \frac{x^n}{\sin x} dx = \frac{x^n}{n} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{2(2^{2k-1}-1)}{(n+2k)(2k)!} B_{2k} x^{n+2k}, \quad |x| < \pi, \quad n > 0.$
81.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^n \sin x} = -\frac{1}{n x^n} - [1 + (-1)^n] (-1) \frac{n}{2} \frac{2^{n-1}-1}{n!} B_n \ln x - \sum_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq n/2}}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2(2^{2n}-1)}{(2k-n)(2k)!} B_{2k} x^{2k-n}, \quad n > 1, \quad |x| > \pi.$
82.  $\int \frac{x^n dx}{\cos x} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{|E_{2k}| x^{n+2k+1}}{(n+2k+1)(2k)!}, \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad n > 0.$
83.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^n \cos x} = \frac{1}{2} [1 - (-1)^n] \frac{|E_{n-1}|}{(n-1)!} \ln x + \sum_{\substack{k=0 \\ k \neq (n-1)/2}}^{\infty} \frac{|E_{2k}| x^{2k-n+1}}{(2k-n+1)(2k)!}, \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$
84.  $\int \frac{x^n dx}{\sin^2 x} = -x^n \cot x + \frac{n}{n-1} x^{n-1} + n \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2^{2k} x^{n+2k-1}}{(n+2k-1)(2k)!} B_{2k}, \quad |x| < \pi, \quad n > 1.$
85.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^n \sin^2 x} = -\frac{\cot x}{x^n} + \frac{n}{(n+1)x^{n+1}} - [1 - (-1)^n] (-1)^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \frac{2^n n}{(n+1)!} B_{n+1} \ln x$

$$-\frac{n}{2^{n+1}} \sum_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq (n+1)/2}}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2x)^{2k}}{(2k-n-1)(2k)!} B_{2k}, \quad |x| < \pi.$$

$$86. \int \frac{x^n dx}{\cos^2 x} = x^n \tan x + n \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2^{2k} (2^{2k} - 1) x^{n+2k-1}}{(n+2k-1)(2k)!} B_{2k}, \quad n > 1, |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$87. \int \frac{dx}{x^n \cos^2 x} = \frac{\tan x}{x^n} - [1 - (-1)^n] (-1)^{\frac{n+1}{2}} \frac{2^n n}{(n+1)!} (2^{n+1} - 1) B_{n+1} \ln x \\ - \frac{n}{x^{n+1}} \sum_{\substack{k=1 \\ k \neq (n+1)/2}}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2^{2k} - 1) (2x)^{2k}}{(2k-n-1)(2k)!} B_{2k}, \quad |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$88. \int \frac{x dx}{\sin^{2n} x} = - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(2n-2)(2n-4) \dots (2n-2k+2)}{(2n-1)(2n-3) \dots (2n-2k+3)} \frac{\sin x + (2n-2k)x \cos x}{(2n-2k+1)(2n-2k) \sin^{2n-2k+1} x} \\ + \frac{2^{n-1}(n-1)!}{(2n-1)!!} (\ln \sin x - x \cot x).$$

$$89. \int \frac{x dx}{\sin^{2n+1} x} = - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(2n-1)(2n-3) \dots (2n-2k+1)}{2n(2n-2) \dots (2n-2k+2)} \frac{\sin x + (2n-2k-1)x \cos x}{(2n-2k)(2n-2k-1) \sin^{2n-2k} x} \\ + \frac{(2n-1)!!}{2^n n!} \int \frac{x dx}{\sin x}.$$

$$90. \int \frac{x dx}{\cos^{2n} x} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(2n-2)(2n-4) \dots (2n-2k+2)}{(2n-1)(2n-3) \dots (2n-2k+3)} \frac{(2n-2k)x \sin x - \cos x}{(2n-2k+1)(2n-2k) \cos^{2n-2k+1} x} \\ + \frac{2^{n-1}(n-1)!}{(2n-1)!!} (x \tan x + \ln \cos x).$$

$$91. \int \frac{x dx}{\cos^{2n+1} x} = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(2n-1)(2n-3) \dots (2n-2k+1)}{2n(2n-2) \dots (2n-2k+2)} \frac{(2n-2k+1)x \sin x - \cos x}{(2n-2k)(2n-2k-1) \cos^{2n-2k} x} \\ + \frac{(2n-1)!!}{2^n n!} \int \frac{x dx}{\cos x}.$$

$$92. \int \frac{x dx}{\sin x} = x + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{2(2^{2k-1} - 1)}{(2k+1)!} B_{2k} x^{2k+1}.$$

$$93. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos x} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{|E_{2k}| x^{2k+2}}{(2k+2)(2k)!}.$$

$$94. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\sin^2 x} = -x \cot x + \ln \sin x.$$

$$95. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos^2 x} = x \tan x + \ln \cos x.$$

$$96. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\sin^3 x} = -\frac{\sin x + x \cos x}{2 \sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x}{\sin x} \, dx.$$

$$97. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos^3 x} = \frac{x \sin x - \cos x}{2 \cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos x}.$$

$$98. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\sin^4 x} = -\frac{x \cos x}{3 \sin^3 x} - \frac{1}{6 \sin^2 x} - \frac{2}{3} x \cot x + \frac{2}{3} \ln(\sin x).$$

$$99. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos^4 x} = \frac{x \sin x}{3 \cos^3 x} - \frac{1}{6 \cos^2 x} + \frac{2}{3} x \tan x - \frac{2}{3} \ln(\cos x).$$

$$100. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\sin^5 x} = -\frac{x \cos x}{4 \sin^4 x} - \frac{1}{12 \sin^3 x} - \frac{3x \cos x}{8 \sin^2 x} - \frac{3}{8 \sin x} + \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{x \, dx}{\sin x}.$$

$$101. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos^5 x} = \frac{x \sin x}{4 \cos^4 x} - \frac{1}{12 \cos^3 x} + \frac{3x \sin x}{8 \cos^2 x} - \frac{3}{8 \cos x} + \frac{3}{8} \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos x}.$$

$$102. \int x^p \frac{\sin^{2m} x}{\cos^n x} \, dx = \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{m}{k} \int \frac{x^p \, dx}{\cos^{n-2k} x}.$$

$$103. \int x^p \frac{\sin^{2m+1} x}{\cos^n x} \, dx = \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{m}{k} \int \frac{x^p \sin x}{\cos^{n-2k} x} \, dx.$$

$$104. \int x^p \frac{\sin x \, dx}{\cos^n x} = \frac{x^p}{(n-1) \cos^{n-1} x} - \frac{p}{n-1} \int \frac{x^{p-1}}{\cos^{n-1} x} \, dx, \quad n > 1.$$

$$105. \int x^p \frac{\cos^{2m} x}{\sin^n x} \, dx = \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{m}{k} \int \frac{x^p \, dx}{\sin^{n-2k} x}.$$

$$106. \int x^p \frac{\cos^{2m+1} x}{\sin^n x} dx = \sum_{k=0}^m (-1)^k \binom{m}{k} \int \frac{x^p \cos x}{\sin^{n-2k} x} dx.$$

$$107. \int x^p \frac{\cos x}{\sin^n x} = -\frac{x^p}{(n-1) \sin^{n-1} x} + \frac{p}{n-1} \int \frac{x^{p-1} dx}{\sin^{n-1} x}, \quad n > 1.$$

$$108. \int \frac{x \cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx = -\frac{x}{\sin x} + \ln \tan \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$109. \int \frac{x \sin x}{\cos^2 x} dx = \frac{x}{\cos x} - \ln \tan \left( \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right).$$

$$110. \int x^p \tan x dx = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{2^{2k} (2^{2k-1} - 1)}{(p+2k)(2k)!} B_{2k} x^{p+2k}, \quad p \geq -1, |x| < \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$111. \int x^p \cot x dx = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{2^{2k} B_{2k}}{(p+2k)(2k)!} x^{p+2k}, \quad p \geq 1, |x| < \pi.$$

$$112. \int x^p \tan^2 x dx = x \tan x + \ln \cos x - \frac{x^2}{2}.$$

$$113. \int x \cot^2 x dx = -x \cot x + \ln \sin x - \frac{x^2}{2}.$$

$$114. \int \frac{x^n \cos x dx}{(a+b \sin x)^m} = -\frac{x^n}{(m-1)b(a+b \sin x)^{m-1}} + \frac{n}{(m-1)b} \int \frac{x^{n-1} dx}{(a+b \sin x)^{m-1}}, \quad m \neq 1.$$

$$115. \int \frac{x^n \sin x dx}{(a+b \cos x)^m} = \frac{x^n}{(m-1)b(a+b \cos x)^{m-1}} - \frac{n}{(m-1)b} \int \frac{x^{n-1} dx}{(a+b \cos x)^{m-1}}, \quad m \neq 1.$$

$$116. \int \frac{x dx}{1+\sin x} = -x \tan \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \ln \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right).$$

$$117. \int \frac{x dx}{1-\sin x} = x \cot \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right) + 2 \ln \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right).$$

$$118. \int \frac{x dx}{1+\cos x} = x \tan \frac{x}{2} + 2 \ln \cos \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$119. \int \frac{x \, dx}{1 - \cos x} = -x \cot \frac{x}{2} + 2 \ln \cos \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$120. \int \frac{x \cos x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} \, dx = -\frac{x}{1 + \sin x} + \tan \left( \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right).$$

$$121. \int \frac{x \cos x}{(1 - \sin x)^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{1 - \sin x} + \tan \left( \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right).$$

$$122. \int \frac{x \sin x}{(1 + \cos x)^2} \, dx = \frac{x}{1 + \cos x} - \tan \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$123. \int \frac{x \sin x}{(1 - \cos x)^2} \, dx = -\frac{x}{1 - \cos x} - \cot \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$124. \int \frac{x + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} \, dx = x \tan \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$125. \int \frac{x - \sin x}{1 - \cos x} \, dx = -x \cot \frac{x}{2}.$$

$$126. \int \frac{x^2 \, dx}{[(ax - b) \sin x + (a + bx) \cos x]^2} = \frac{x \sin x + \cos x}{b[(ax - b) \sin x + (a + bx) \cos x]}.$$

$$127. \int \frac{dx}{[a + (ax + b) \tan x]^2} = \frac{\tan x}{a[a + (ax + b) \tan x]}.$$

$$128. \int \frac{x \, dx}{\cos(x + t) \cos(x - t)} = \csc 2t \left\{ x \ln \frac{\cos(x - t)}{\cos(x + t)} - L(x + t) + L(x - t) \right\},$$

$$t \neq n\pi, \, |x| < \left| \frac{\pi}{2} - |t_0| \right|, \text{ where } t_0 \in \left( -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right).$$

$$129. \int \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx = \sqrt{2\pi} S(\sqrt{x}).$$

$$130. \int \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx = \sqrt{2\pi} C(\sqrt{x}).$$

$$131. \int \frac{x \sin x \cos x}{\Delta} \, dx = -\frac{x\Delta}{k^2} + \frac{1}{k^2} E(x, k).$$

$$132. \int \frac{x \sin^3 x \cos x}{\Delta} dx = -\frac{k'^2}{9k^4} F(x, k) + \frac{2k^2 + 5}{9k^4} E(x, k) - \frac{1}{9k^4} [3(3 - \Delta^2)x + k^2 \sin x \cos x] \Delta.$$

$$133. \int \frac{x \sin x \cos^3 x}{\Delta} dx = -\frac{k'^2}{9k^4} F(x, k) + \frac{7k^2 - 5}{9k^4} E(x, k) - \frac{1}{9k^4} [3(\Delta^2 - 3k'^2)x - k^2 \sin x \cos x] \Delta.$$

$$134. \int \frac{x \sin x dx}{\Delta^3} dx = -\frac{x \cos x}{k'^2 \Delta} + \frac{1}{k k'^2} \arcsin(k \sin x).$$

$$135. \int \frac{x \cos x dx}{\Delta^3} = \frac{x \sin x}{\Delta} + \frac{1}{k} \ln(k \cos x + \Delta).$$

$$136. \int \frac{x \sin x \cos x dx}{\Delta^3} = \frac{x}{k^2 \Delta} - \frac{1}{k^2} F(x, k).$$

$$137. \int \frac{x \sin^3 x \cos x dx}{\Delta^3} = x \frac{2 - k^2 \sin^2 x}{k^4 \Delta} - \frac{1}{k^4} [E(x, k) + F(x, k)].$$

$$138. \int \frac{x \sin x \cos^3 x dx}{\Delta^3} = x \frac{k^2 \sin^2 x + k^2 - 2}{k^4 \Delta} + \frac{k'^2}{k^4} F(x, k) + \frac{1}{k^4} E(x, k).$$

$$139. \int x^p \sin x^2 dx = -\frac{x^{p-1}}{2} \cos x^2 + \frac{p-1}{2} \int x^{p-2} \cos x^2 dx.$$

$$140. \int x^p \cos x^2 dx = \frac{x^{p-1}}{2} \sin x^2 - \frac{p-1}{2} \int x^{p-2} \sin x^2 dx.$$

$$141. \int x^n \sin x^2 dx = (n-1)!! \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^s (-1)^k \left[ \frac{x^{n-4k+3} \cos x^2}{2^{2k-1}(n-4k+3)!!} - \frac{x^{n-4k+1} \sin x^2}{2^{2k}(n-4k+1)!!} \right] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(-1)^s}{2^{2s}(n-4s-1)!!} \int x^{n-4s} \sin x^2 dx \right\}, \quad s = \lfloor n/4 \rfloor.$$

$$142. \int x^n \cos x^2 dx = (n-1)!! \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^s (-1)^{k-1} \left[ \frac{x^{n-4k+3} \sin x^2}{2^{2k-1}(n-4k+3)!!} + \frac{x^{n-4k+1} \cos x^2}{2^{2k}(n-4k+1)!!} \right] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{(-1)^s}{2^{2s}(n-4s-1)!!} \int x^{n-4s} \cos x^2 dx \right\}, \quad s = \lfloor n/4 \rfloor.$$

$$143. \int x \sin x^2 dx = -\frac{\cos x^2}{2}.$$

$$144. \int x \cos x^2 dx = -\frac{\sin x^2}{2}.$$

$$145. \int x^2 \sin x^2 dx = -\frac{x}{2} \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} C(x).$$

$$146. \int x^2 \cos x^2 dx = \frac{x}{2} \sin x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} S(x).$$

$$147. \int x^3 \sin x^2 dx = -\frac{x^2}{2} \cos x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sin x^2.$$

$$148. \int x^3 \cos x^2 dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \sin x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cos x^2.$$

---