

! For an efficient use of these tables, first read [HowTo.pdf](#).

T2.63E. Integrands involving logarithm functions of complicated arguments, like $(1 + a^2/x^2)$, $(1 \pm e^{-x})$, $(1 + 2e^{-x} \cos t + e^{-2x})$ and others, on the intervals $(0, \pi)$, $(0, 2\pi)$ and $(0, n\pi)$.

$$1. \int_0^\pi \ln(a + b \cos x) dx = \pi \ln \frac{a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{2}, \quad a \geq |b| > 0.$$

$$2. \int_0^\pi \ln(1 \pm \sin x) dx = -\pi \ln 2 \pm 4\mathbf{G}.$$

$$3. \int_0^\pi \ln(1 + a \cos x)^2 dx = 2\pi \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2}}{2}, \quad a^2 \leq 1.$$

$$4. \int_0^\pi \ln(a^2 + b^2 \tan^2 x) dx = 2\pi \ln(a + b), \quad a > 0, b > 0.$$

$$5. \int_0^{2\pi} \ln(1 + a \sin x + b \cos x) dx = 2\pi \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2 - b^2}}{2}, \quad a^2 + b^2 < 1.$$

$$6. \int_0^{2\pi} \ln(1 + a^2 + b^2 + 2a \sin x + 2b \cos x) dx = \begin{cases} 0, & a^2 + b^2 \leq 1, \\ 2\pi \ln(a^2 + b^2), & a^2 + b^2 \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

$$7. \int_0^{n\pi} \ln(b^2 - 2ab \cos x + a^2) dx = \begin{cases} n\pi \ln a^2, & a^2 \geq b^2 > 0, \\ n\pi \ln b^2, & b^2 > a^2 > 0. \end{cases}$$

$$8. \int_0^{n\pi} \ln(1 - 2a \cos x + a^2) dx = \begin{cases} 0, & a^2 \leq 1, \\ n\pi \ln a^2, & a^2 \geq 1. \end{cases}$$