

! For an efficient use of these tables, first read [HowTo.pdf](#).

T3.53A. Integrands involving product of powers of logarithm functions and rational functions on the interval $(0, \infty)$.

$$1. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^2 \frac{dx}{(x-1)(x+a)} = \frac{[\pi^2 + (\ln a)^2] \ln a}{3(1+a)}, \quad a > 0.$$

$$2. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^2 \frac{dx}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{2}{3}\pi^2.$$

$$3. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^2 \frac{x^{\mu-1}}{1+x} dx = \frac{\pi^3(2 - \sin^2 \mu\pi)}{\sin^3 \mu\pi}, \quad 0 < \Re\{\mu\} < 1.$$

$$4. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^2 \frac{x^{p-1} dx}{x^2 + 2x \cos t + 1} = \frac{\pi \sin(1-p)t}{\sin t \sin p\pi} \{ \pi^2 - t^2 + 2\pi \cot p\pi [\pi \cot p\pi + t \cot(1-p)t] \},$$

$$0 < t < \pi, \quad 0 < p < 2 \quad (p \neq 1).$$

$$5. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^4 \frac{dx}{(x-1)(x+a)} = \frac{\ln a [\pi^2 + (\ln a)^2] [7\pi^2 + 3(\ln a)^2]}{15(1+a)}, \quad a > 0.$$

$$6. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^5 \frac{dx}{(x-1)(x+a)} = \frac{[\pi^2 + (\ln a)^2]^2 [3\pi^2 + (\ln a)^2]}{6(1+a)}, \quad a > 0.$$

$$7. \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1} - x^{q-1}}{(1+x^r) \ln x} dx = \ln \left(\tan \frac{p\pi}{2r} \cot \frac{q\pi}{2r} \right) \quad 0 < p < r, \quad 0 < q < r.$$

$$8. \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1} - x^{q-1}}{(1+x^r) \ln x} dx = \ln \left(\frac{\sin \frac{p\pi}{r}}{\sin \frac{q\pi}{r}} \right), \quad 0 < p < r, \quad 0 < q < r.$$

$$9. \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1} - x^{q-1}}{1+x^{2(2n+1)}} \frac{1+x^2}{\ln x} dx = \ln \left\{ \tan \frac{p\pi}{4(2n+1)} \tan \frac{(p+2)\pi}{4(2n+1)} \cot \frac{q\pi}{4(2n+1)} \cot \frac{(q+2)\pi}{4(2n+1)} \right\},$$

$$0 < p < 4n, \quad 0 < q < 4n.$$

$$10. \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1} - x^{q-1}}{1 - x^{2n}} \frac{1 - x^2}{\ln x} dx = \ln \frac{\sin \frac{p\pi}{2n} \sin \frac{(q+2)\pi}{2n}}{\sin \frac{q\pi}{2n} \sin \frac{(p+2)\pi}{2n}}, \quad 0 < p < 2n, 0 < q < 2n.$$

$$11. \int_0^\infty (1 - x^p)(1 - x^q) \frac{x^{s-1} dx}{(1 - x^{p+q+2s}) \ln x} = 2 \int_0^1 (1 - x^p)(1 - x^q) \frac{x^{s-1} dx}{(1 - x^{p+q+2s}) \ln x} \\ = 2 \ln \left\{ \sin \frac{s\pi}{p+q+2s} \csc \frac{(p+s)\pi}{p+q+2s} \right\}, \quad s > 0, s+p > 0, s+p+q > 0.$$

$$12. \int_0^\infty \frac{(\ln x)^{2n+1}}{1 + bx + x^2} dx = 0, \quad |b| < 2.$$

$$13. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^{2n} \frac{dx}{1 - x^2} = 0.$$

$$14. \int_0^\infty (\ln x)^n \frac{x^{\nu-1} dx}{a^2 + 2ax \cos t + x^2} = -\pi \csc t \frac{d^n}{d\nu^n} \left[a^{\nu-2} \frac{\sin(\nu-1)t}{\sin \nu\pi} \right], \\ a > 0, 0 < \Re\{\nu\} < 2, 0 < |t| < \pi.$$
